

Global LEI System Business Report

Q3 2020



LEI issuance and LEI growth potential: State of play

At the end of the third quarter of 2020, the total LEI population was over 1.65 million. More than 48,000 LEIs were issued during this quarter, compared to approximately 61,000 in the previous quarter. This represents a quarterly growth rate of 3.3% (previous quarter: 4%). The drop of new issuance was primarily driven by the summer holiday season in EU jurisdictions.

In the third quarter, China had the highest quarterly LEI growth rate at jurisdiction level (17.8%), followed by India (9.3%), Japan (6.8%), Estonia (6.6%) and Lithuania (6.5%). China continued to lead the growth for five consecutive quarters, primarily driven by regulatory implementations.

Competition in the Global LEI System

The report identifies the least and most competitive markets of those with more than 1,000 LEIs, based on the number of LEI issuers providing services in the jurisdiction. In the third quarter of 2020, China, the Netherlands, the Czech Republic, Spain and Italy were the five least competitive markets in descending order. The five most competitive, also in descending order, were Lithuania, Romania, Portugal, Latvia and Malta.

LEI renewal rates

The annual renewal process ensures that the legal entity and the LEI issuing organization review and re-validate the legal entity reference data at least once per year. The Global LEI System is unique in providing absolute transparency on the timeframe when data was last verified.

In the third quarter of 2020, the overall renewal rate¹ of 67.6% was higher than the previous quarter (64.2%). At the end of the quarter, 67.7% of all LEIs were in good standing (last quarter: 68%).

The renewal rate in the EU increased to 69.2% (previous quarter 66.2%). In non-EU jurisdictions, it also improved to 59.8% (previous quarter: 55.9%). In the reporting period, China (84.6%) entered the ranking of the five jurisdictions which demonstrated the highest renewal rates. Other jurisdictions in the top five are Liechtenstein (96.3%), Japan (94.5%) Finland (92.7%) and Germany (83.9%).

The five jurisdictions with the highest non-renewal rates include Brazil (56.8%), the United Kingdom (54.9%), Thailand (54.2%), the United States (53.9%) and South Africa (51.9%).

While the COVID-19 pandemic appeared to impact renewal activities in the first and second quarter of 2020, the renewal rate recovered to its pre-pandemic level in the third quarter.

Level 1 reference data corroboration

The business card information available with the LEI reference data, for example, the official name of a legal entity and its registered address, is referred to as 'Level 1' data. It defines 'who is who'. The Level 1 data is considered fully corroborated if, based on the validation procedures in use by the LEI issuer, there is sufficient information contained in authoritative public sources to corroborate the information provided by the legal entity for the record. If this is not the case, or the legal entity is not required to file with a local register² (e.g. fund or trust), the business card information available with an LEI record is classified as 'entity-supplied only'.

In the third quarter of 2020, the percentage of fully corroborated Level 1 reference data within the entire LEI population increased slightly to 81.6% from 81.4% in the previous quarter.

Statistics on the reporting of parent information by legal entities

In the third quarter of 2020, approximately 1.51 million LEI registrants (previous quarter: 1.46 million), representing 91% of the total LEI population, had reported information on direct and ultimate parents. 99.9% of those LEI registrants who obtained a newly issued LEI, or renewed an existing LEI, in this quarter reported parent information.

In the reporting period, the percentage of legal entities reporting a direct parent that has an LEI was 6%. 5% of legal entities reported a direct parent that does not have an LEI. 81% of legal entities reported no direct parent according to the definition used. 8% of legal entities cited legal obstacles preventing them from providing or publishing direct parent information. The share of all four categories has remained stable over the past four quarters. The pattern is almost identical for ultimate parent reporting.

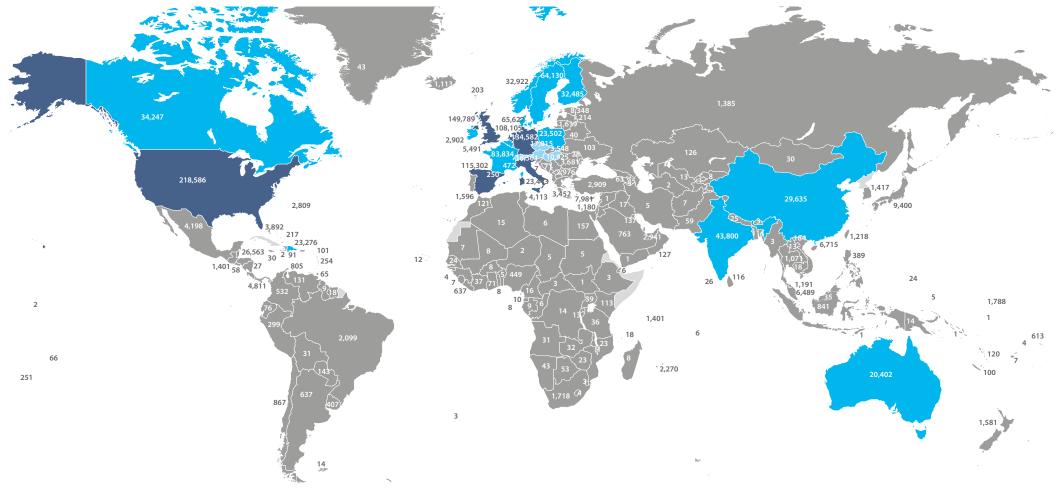
Authorities list for further detail: https://www.gleif.org/en/about-lei/code-lists/gleif-registration-authorities-list

¹ This includes jurisdictions with at least 1,000 LEIs in total at the previous quarter-end date. 2 Registration requirements vary based on jurisdiction. Please see the GLEIF Registration

Level 1 data report Q3 2020

Active LEIs

Total Number of Active LEIs by Jurisdictions | Fig.-1





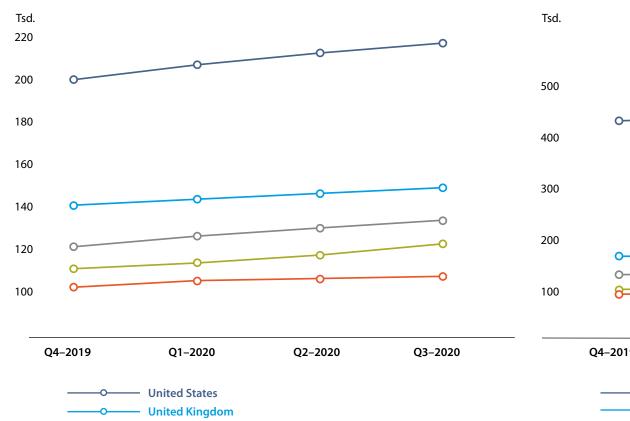
Active LEIs

Total LEI Trend-Top 5 Jurisdictions | Fig.-2

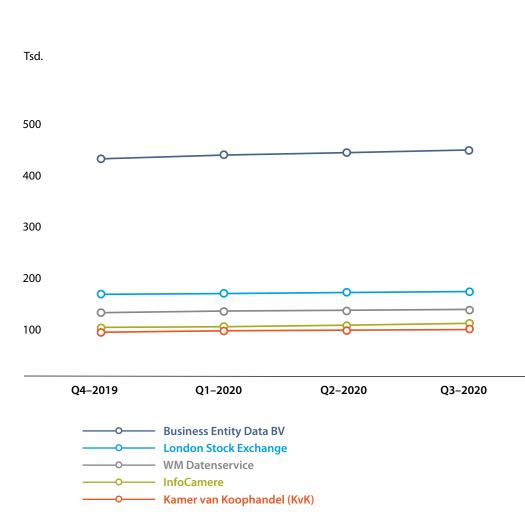
------- Germany

-O----- Netherlands

-O----- Italy

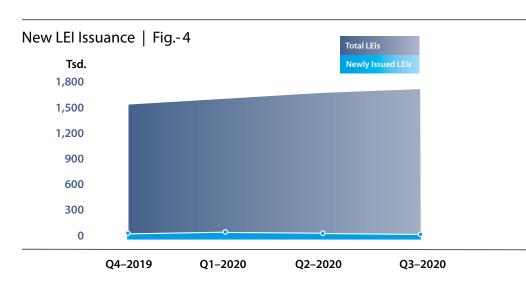


Total LEI Trend-Top 5 LEI Issuers | Fig.-3

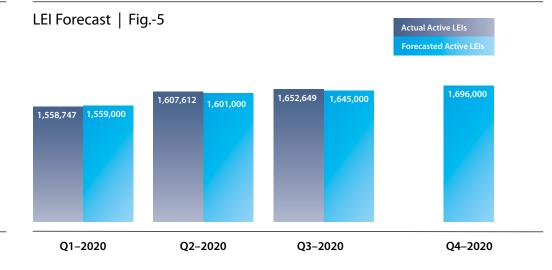




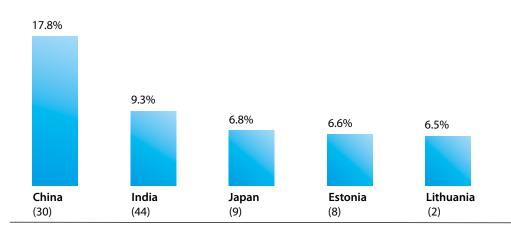




Growth in Total Number of Active LEIs

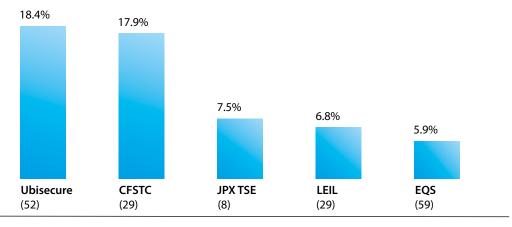


Quarterly LEI Growth – Top 5 Jurisdictions | Fig.-6¹



Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis

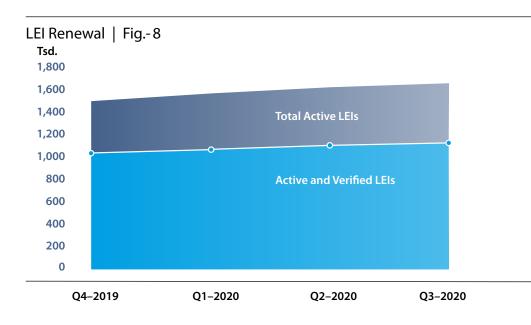
Quarterly LEI Growth – Top 5 LEI Issuers | Fig.-7



Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis

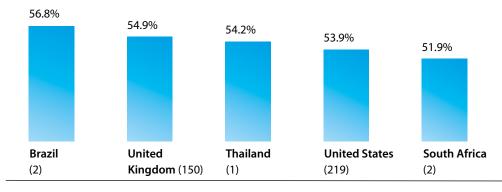
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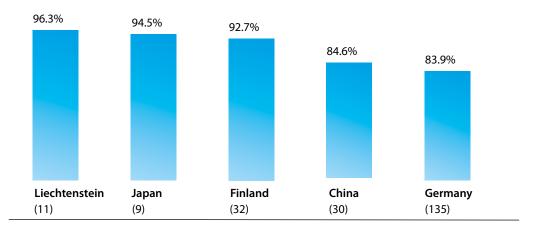
LEI Renewal Activity

LEI Non-Renewal (Lapsed LEIs) – Top 5 Jurisdictions | Fig.-10¹



Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis

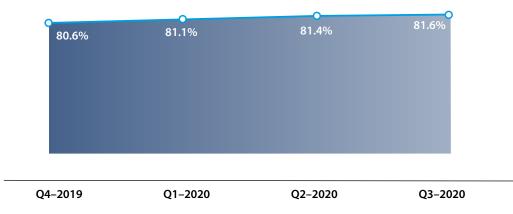
LEI Renewal – Top 5 Jurisdictions | Fig.-9¹



Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis.

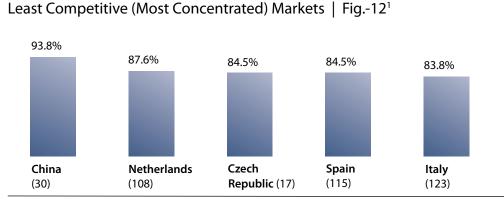
Reference Data Corroboration by LEI issuers

Percentage of Fully Corroborated LEIs | Fig.-11



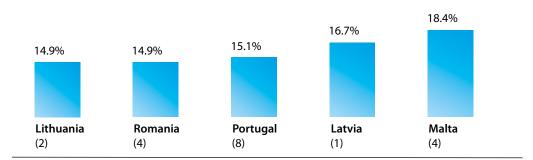


Competition amongst LEI issuers

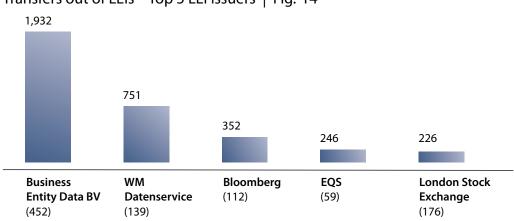


Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis.

Most Competitive (Least Concentrated) Markets | Fig.-13¹

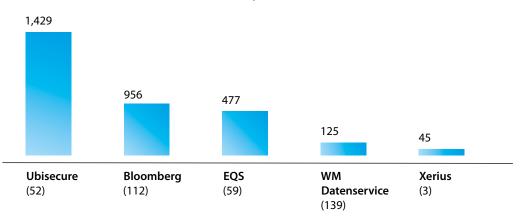


Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis.



Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis.

Transfers in of LEIs – Top 5 LEI Issuers | Fig.-15

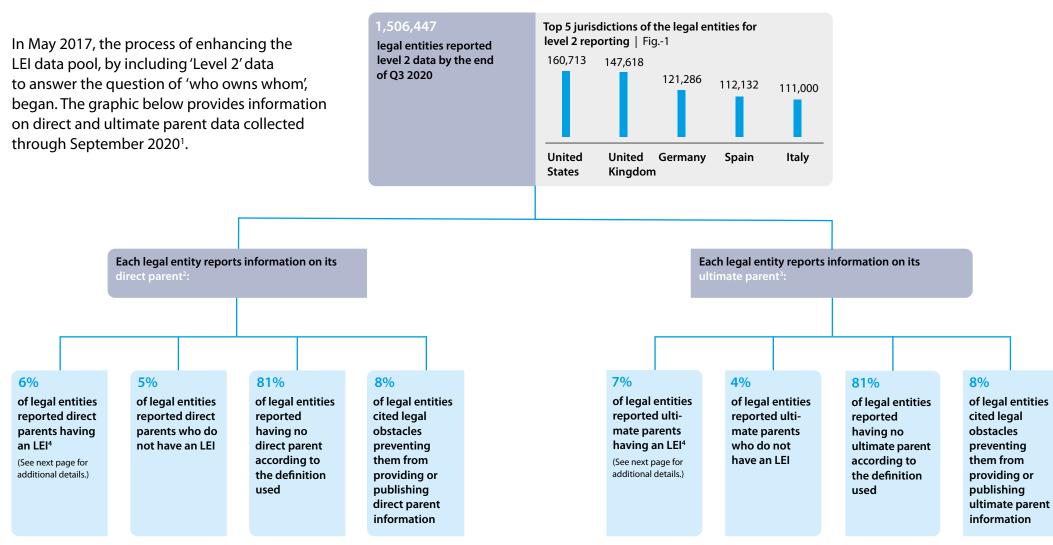


Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis.

Transfers out of LEIs – Top 5 LEI Issuers | Fig.-14



Level 2 data report Q3 2020



1 Referenced to level 2 relationship record CDF concatenated file dated 01 October 2020.

2 99.9% legal entities reported direct parent.

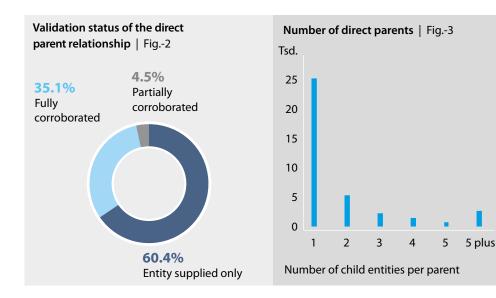
3 99.9% legal entities reported ultimate parent.

4 The definitions of ultimate and direct parent are based on percentage share of accounting consolidation as per LEI Regulatory Oversight Committee prescription. Related link https://www.gleif.org/en/about-lei/common-data-file-format/level-2-data-reporting-exceptions-format

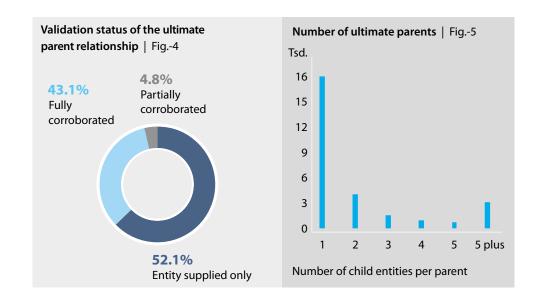
Level 2 data report Q3 2020

Identification of the direct and ultimate parents of a legal entity with an LEI allows users to research entities owned by individual companies. It provides a better understanding of the entity from which a company or individual is buying goods or services or in which it is investing. The following charts provide additional information on relationships where the direct or ultimate parents are identified by an LEI.

Additional Information on Direct Parents Having an LEI



Additional Information on Ultimate Parents Having an LEI



DISCLAIMER: All figures of this Global LEI System Business Report are derived from the Global Legal Entity Identifier Foundation (GLEIF)'s LEI-Common Data File (CDF) format version 2.1, Relationship Record (RR) CDF format version 1.1 and Reporting Exceptions format version 1.1 excluding LEIs with registration statuses DUPLICATE, ANNULLED, MERGED and RETIRED. While every care has been taken in the compilation of this information, GLEIF vill not be held responsible for any loss, damage or inconvenience caused because of inaccuracy or error within the Global LEI System Business Report. The text and graphic content of the Global LEI System Business Report may be used, printed and distributed ONLY with the copyright information displayed (© Copyright Global Legal Entity Identifier Foundation (GLEIF)).

