

# Global LEI System Business Report

Q2 2025



### LEI issuance and LEI growth potential: State of play

At the end of the second quarter of 2025, the total active LEI population reached approximately 2.8 million. Almost 93,000 LEIs were issued during this quarter, compared to 92,000 in the previous quarter. This represents a quarterly growth rate of 3.4% (previous quarter: 3.5%).

In the second quarter, India had the highest LEI growth rate at the jurisdiction level (13.2%). The other jurisdictions comprising the top five for growth rates were Lithuania (5.7%), the United Arab Emirates (5.3%), Latvia (5.1%) and Iceland (4.7%).

LEI growth across India, Lithuania, Latvia and Iceland was driven primarily by regulatory requirements and initiatives. Growth in the United Arab Emirates was mainly due to market activities of local LEI issuers.

### Competition in the Global LEI System

This report identifies the least and most competitive markets among those with over 1,000 LEIs, based on the number of LEI issuers providing services in the jurisdiction (the most competitive markets are those with the most LEI issuers per jurisdiction with similar market share). In the second quarter of 2025, China, the United States, the Netherlands, Slovenia and Saudi Arabia were the five least competitive markets, in descending order. The five most competitive, also in descending order, were Luxembourg, Belgium, Bulgaria, Malta and Hong Kong.

### LEI renewal rates

The annual renewal process ensures that both legal entities and LEI issuing organizations review and re-validate legal entity reference data at least once per year. The Global LEI System is unique in providing absolute transparency regarding when entity data was last verified.

In the second quarter of 2025, the overall renewal rate was 56.4%, slightly higher than the previous quarter (56.3%). At the end of the quarter, 61% of all LEIs were in good standing (previous quarter: 60.5%).

The renewal rate in the EU<sup>1</sup> declined slightly to 61.6% (previous quarter 62%). In non-EU jurisdictions, it increased to 47.9% (previous quarter: 47.1%). In the reporting period, Japan (91.8%) demonstrated the highest renewal rate. This was followed by Finland (83%), India (79.3%), Germany (76.3%) and Liechtenstein (73.7%).

The five jurisdictions with the highest non-renewal rates were China (97.7%), Belize (77.5%), the Russian Federation (71.6%), Seychelles (68.1%) and the United States (66.3%).

### Level 1 reference data corroboration

The business card information available with the LEI reference data, such as the official name of a legal entity and its registered address, is referred to as 'Level 1' data. It defines 'who is who'. The Level 1 data is considered fully corroborated if, based on the validation procedures in use by the LEI issuer, there is sufficient information contained in authoritative public sources to corroborate the information provided by the legal entity for the record. If this is not the case, or the legal entity is not required to file with a local register<sup>2</sup> (e.g. fund or trust), the business card information available with an LEI record is classified as 'entity-supplied only'.

In the second quarter of 2025, the percentage of fully corroborated Level 1 reference data within the entire LEI population increased to 87% (previous quarter: 86.7%).

### Statistics on the reporting of parent information by legal entities

In the second quarter of 2025, over 2.86 million LEI registrants (previous quarter: 2.76 million), representing 99% of the total LEI population, reported information on direct and ultimate parents. 100% of LEI registrants that obtained a newly issued LEI or renewed an existing LEI in this quarter reported parent information.

In the reporting period, the percentage of legal entities reporting a direct parent with an LEI was 4%. The percentage of legal entities reporting a direct parent that does not have an LEI was also 4%. 88% of legal entities reported no direct parent according to the definition used. 4% of legal entities' relationship information is non-public, creating obstacles in releasing this information. The pattern is almost identical for ultimate parent reporting, where a similar reporting trend was reported in the previous quarter.

### **Updates of Common Data File formats**

In March 2022, the Common Data File (CDF) formats were updated based on the Regulatory Oversight Committee (ROC) policies:

- Legal Entity Events (formerly referred to as "Corporate Actions") and Data History in the Global LEI System,
- <u>Policy on Fund Relationships and Guidelines for the registration of</u> Investment Funds in the Global LEI System,
- LEI Eligibility for General Government Entities Guidance Document.
  Following these updates, GLEIF has compiled a transition period report on these new legal entity categories and the fund relationships reported this quarter.

At the end of the second quarter of 2025, approximately 6,400 legal entities were identified as government entities (previous quarter: 6,300), and 75 legal entities were reported as international organizations (previous quarter: 71). Over 148,000 legal entities reported their fund relationship structures (previous quarter: 145,000). Among those, 66.8% were funds managed by a main management entity, 32.6% were sub-funds to umbrella funds, and 0.6% were feeder funds. Feeder funds are those that are exclusively, or almost exclusively, invested in a single other fund or several other funds that have identical investment strategies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This includes EU27 and the United Kingdom.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Registration requirements vary based on jurisdiction. Please see the GLEIF Registration Authorities list for further detail: https://www.gleif.org/en/about-lei/code-lists/gleif-registration-authorities-list

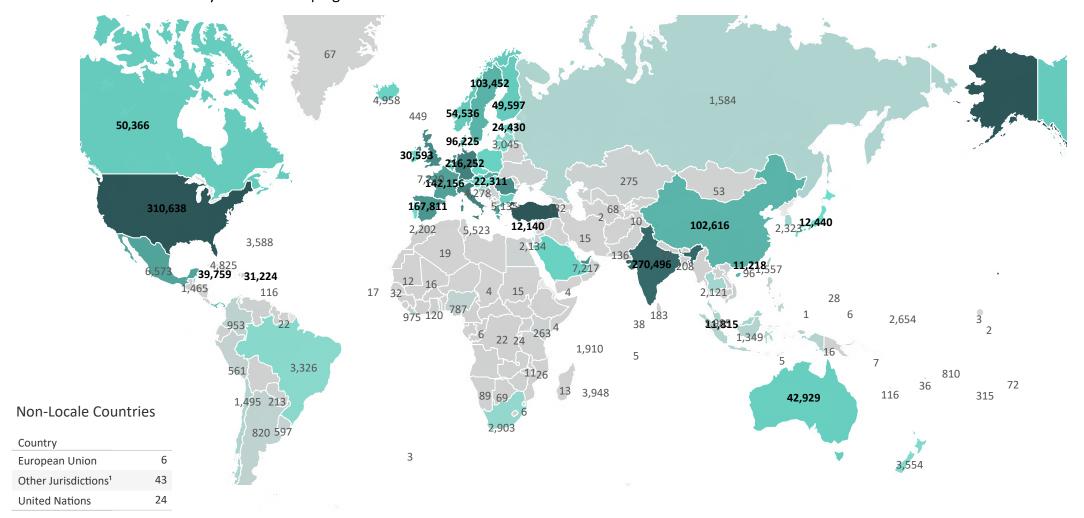


### **Level 1 Data Report**

Q2 2025

### **Active LEIs**

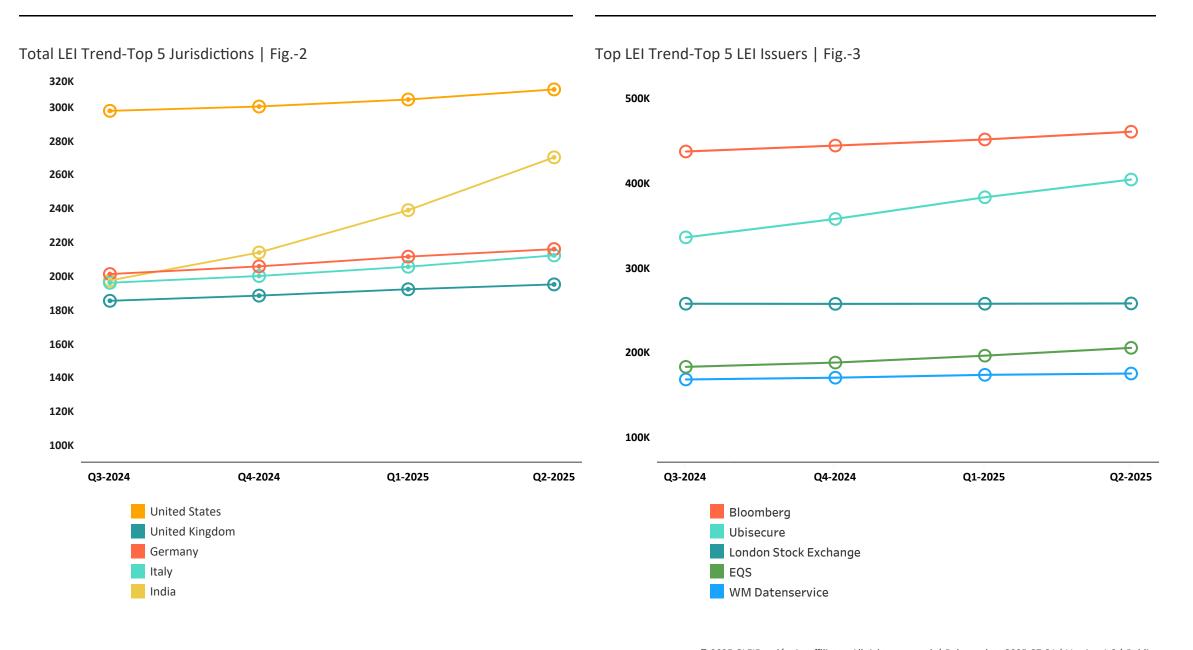
### Total Number Of Active LEIs by Jurisdictions | Fig. 1



 $<sup>@ \ 2025 \</sup> GLEIF \ and/or \ its \ affiliates. \ All \ rights \ reserved. \ | \ Release \ date \ 2025-07-21 \ | \ Version \ 1.0 \ | \ Public \ | \$ 

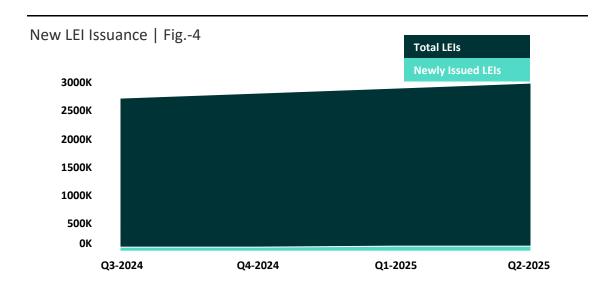


### **Active LEIs**



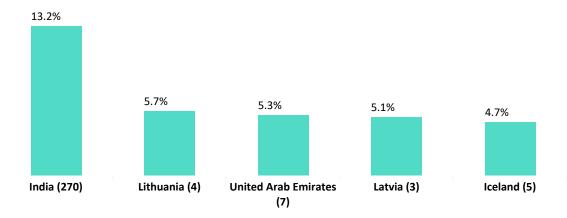


### **Growth in Total Number of Active LEIs**

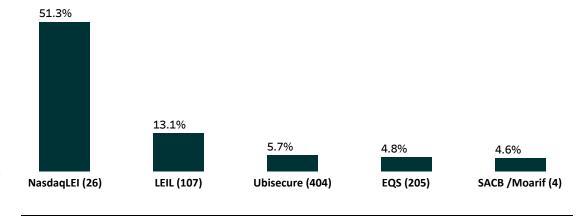




Quarterly LEI Growth - Top 5 Jurisdictions | Fig.-6<sup>1</sup>



Quarterly LEI Growth - Top 5 LEI Issuers | Fig.-7

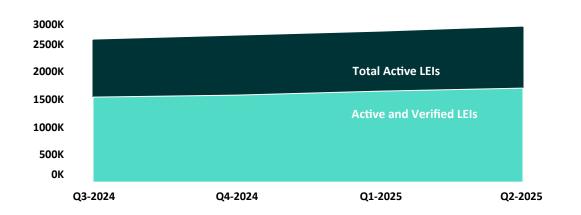


Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis

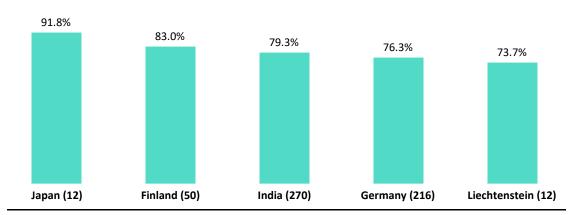


### **LEI Renewal activity**

LEI Renewal | Fig.-8

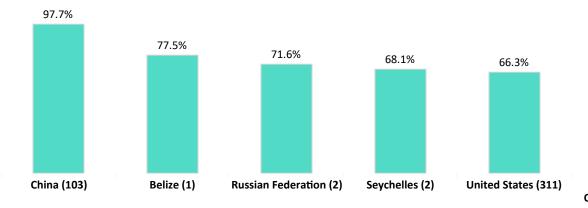


LEI Renewal - Top 5 Jurisdictions | Fig.-9



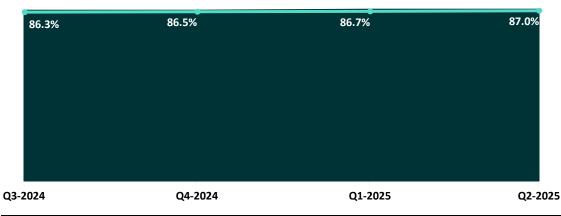
Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis

# LEI non-Renewal (Lapsed LEIs) - Top 5 Jurisdictions | Fig.-10<sup>1</sup>



### **Reference Data Corroboration by LEI issuers**

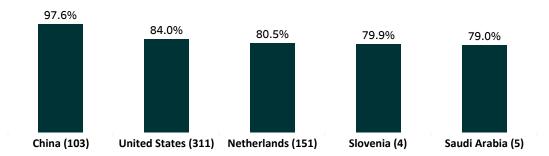
### Percentage of Fully Corroborated LEIs | Fig.-11





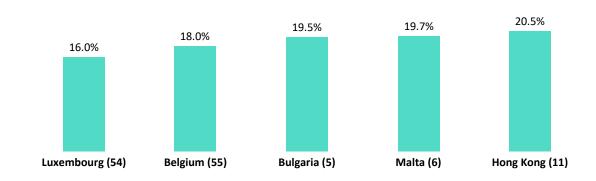
### **Competition amongst LEI issuers**

Least Competitive (Most Concentrated) Markets | Fig.-12<sup>1</sup>



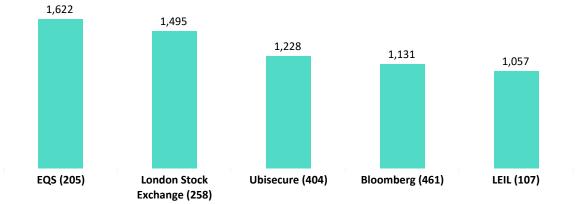
Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis

## Most Competitive (Least Concentrated) Markets | Fig.-13<sup>1</sup>



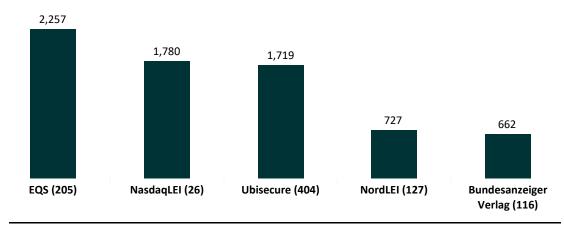
Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis

### Transfer out of LEIs - Top 5 LEI Issuers | Fig.-14



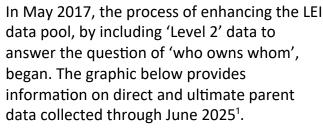
Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis

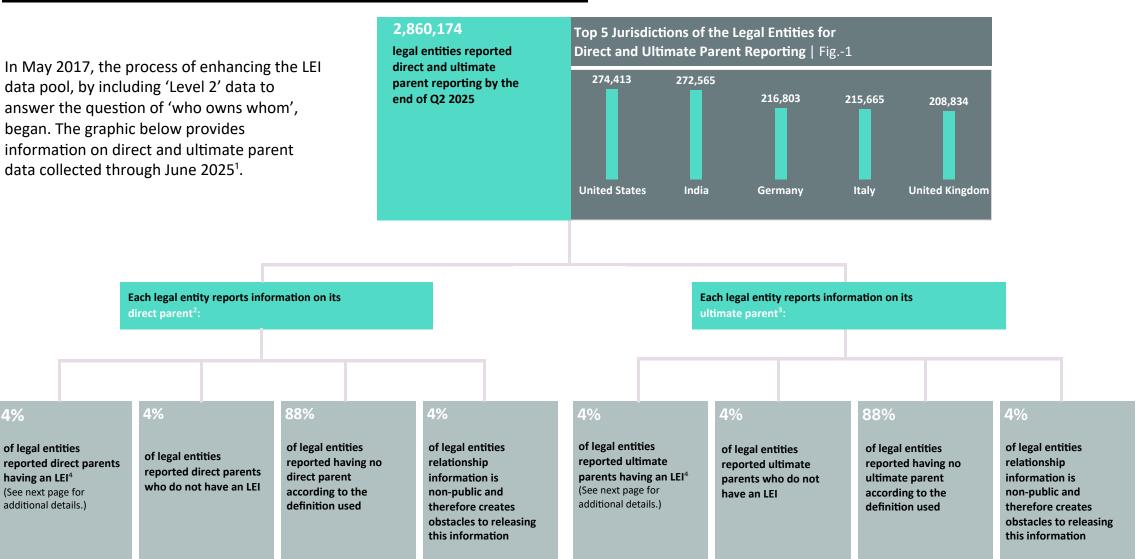
### Transfer in of LEIs - Top 5 LEI Issuers | Fig.-15



### **Level 2 parent reporting**

Q2 2025





<sup>1</sup> Referenced to level 2 relationship record CDF Golden Copy file dated 01 July 2025. The calculation includes all LEIs.

<sup>2 99.9%</sup> legal entities reported direct parent.

<sup>3 99.9%</sup> legal entities reported ultimate parent.

<sup>4</sup> The definitions of ultimate and direct parent are based on percentage share of accounting consolidation as per LEI Regulatory Oversight Committee prescription. Related link https://www.gleif.org/en/about-lei/common-data-file-format/current-versions/level-2-data-reporting-exceptions-2-1-format

### **Level 2 parent reporting**

Q2 2025

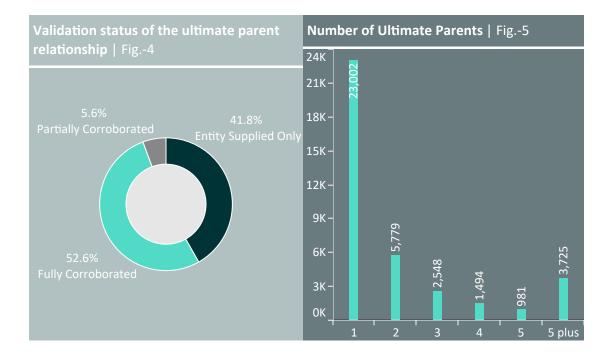


Identification of the direct and ultimate parents of a legal entity with an LEI allows users to research entities owned by individual companies. It provides a better understanding of the entity from which a company or individual is buying goods or services or in which it is investing. The following charts provide additional information on relationships where the direct or ultimate parents are identified by an LEI.

### Additional Information on Direct Parents Having an LEI

# Validation status of the direct parent relationship | Fig.-2 Solve Partially Corroborated Entity Supplied Only Fully Corroborated Fully Corroborated Fully Corroborated Fully Corroborated Solve Parents | Fig.-3 Solve Parents | Fig.-6 Solve Parents | Fig.-3 Solve Parents | Fig.-6 Solve Parents | Fig.-7 Solve

### Additional Information on Ultimate Parents Having an LEI

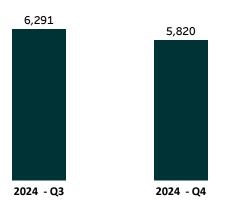


# GLEIF

### New policies implementation report: new entity categories

The new Common Data Format identifies resident government entities and international organizations as specific entity categories. The following figures show the evolvement of the government entities and international organizations in the Global LEI System.

No. of government entities | Fig.-1



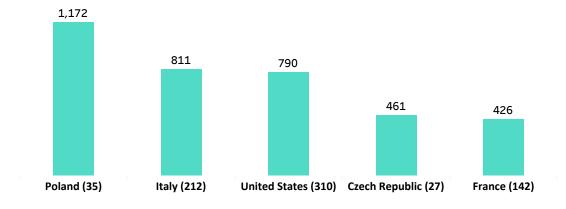




75

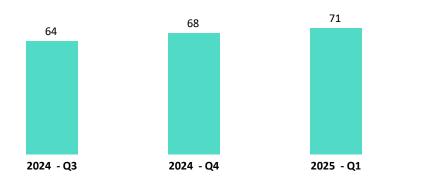
2025 - Q2

Top 5 jurisdictions reporting government entities | Fig.-2

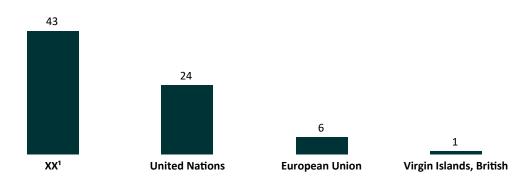


Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis

No. of international organizations | Fig.-3



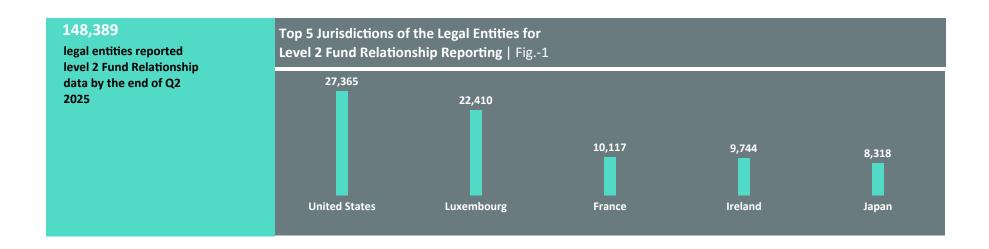
Top 5 jurisdictions reporting international organizations | Fig.-4



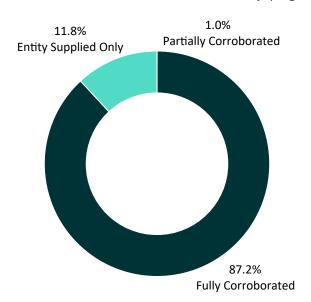
GLEIF

**CDF Update: Level 2 Fund Relationship** 

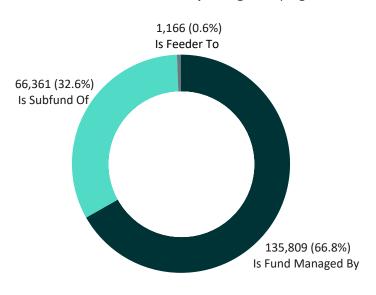
Q2 2025



Validation status of the fund relationship | Fig.-2



**Level 2 Fund Relationship Categories** | Fig.-3



DISCLAIMER: All figures of this Global LEI System Business Report are derived from the Global Legal Entity Identifier Foundation (GLEIF)'s LEI-Common Data File (CDF) format version 3.1, Relationship Record (RR) CDF format version 2.1 and Reporting Exceptions format version 2.1. While every care has been taken in the compilation of this information, GLEIF will not be held responsible for any loss, damage or inconvenience caused because of inaccuracy or error within the Global LEI System Business Report. The text and graphic content of the Global LEI System Business Report may be used, printed and distributed ONLY with the copyright information displayed (© Copyright Global Legal Entity Identifier Foundation (GLEIF)).