

# Global LEI System Business Report

Q4 2020



### LEI issuance and LEI growth potential: State of play

At the end of the fourth quarter of 2020, the total LEI population was approximately 1.71 million. Close to 62,000 LEIs were issued during this quarter, compared to approximately 48,000 in the previous quarter. This represents a quarterly growth rate of 3.7% (previous quarter: 3.3%). The increase of new issuance was primarily driven by the recovery of new issuance after the summer holiday season in EU jurisdictions and a higher new issuance number in China.

In the fourth quarter, China had the highest quarterly LEI growth rate at jurisdiction level (26.1%), followed by Iceland (10.3%), India (8%), Estonia (7.7%) and Portugal (7%). China continued to lead the growth for six consecutive quarters, primarily driven by regulatory implementations.

In 2020, over 236,000 LEIs were newly issued, which represents an annual growth rate of 15.9%. 3 LEI issuers, Nasdaq CSD SE, INFOCERT SPA and Xerius Ondernemingsloket, were newly accredited and operating. Despite the COVID-19 pandemic, the growth of the Global LEI System was barely affected.

### **Competition in the Global LEI System**

The report identifies the least and most competitive markets of those with more than 1,000 LEIs, based on the number of LEI issuers providing services in the jurisdiction. In the fourth quarter of 2020, China, the Netherlands, the Czech Republic, Spain and Finland were the five least competitive markets in descending order. The five most competitive, also in descending order, were Portugal, Lithuania, Romania, Latvia and Malta.

### LEI renewal rates

The annual renewal process ensures that the legal entity and the LEI issuing organization review and re-validate the legal entity reference data at least once per year. The Global LEI System is unique in providing absolute transparency on the timeframe when data was last verified.

In the fourth quarter of 2020, the overall renewal rate<sup>1</sup> of 66.7% was slightly lower than the previous quarter (67.6%). At the end of the quarter, 66.2% of all LEIs were in good standing (last quarter: 67.7%).

The renewal rate in the EU dropped to 67.3% (previous quarter 69.2%). In non-EU jurisdictions, it increased to 61.3% (previous quarter: 59.8%). In the reporting period, China (100%) demonstrated the highest renewal rates. Other jurisdictions in the top five are Japan (93.2%), Finland (91.6%), Liechtenstein (86.6%) and Norway (81.6%).

The five jurisdictions with the highest non-renewal rates include the United Kingdom (57.8%), Thailand (56.8%), Brazil (56.5%), the United States (54.7%) and Belize (54.6%).

### LEI transfers among LEI Issuers

In the fourth quarter of 2020, China Financial Standardization Technical Committee (CFSTC) transferred its operation to a new entity, China Financial Computerization Corp. (CFCC). LEIs managed by CFSTC were transferred to CFCC in this quarter.

### Level 1 reference data corroboration

The business card information available with the LEI reference data, for example, the official name of a legal entity and its registered address, is referred to as 'Level 1' data. It defines 'who is who'. The Level 1 data is considered fully corroborated if, based on the validation procedures in use by the LEI issuer, there is sufficient information contained in authoritative public sources to corroborate the information provided by the legal entity for the record. If this is not the case, or the legal entity is not required to file with a local register<sup>2</sup> (e.g. fund or trust), the business card information available with an LEI record is classified as 'entity-supplied only'.

In the fourth quarter of 2020, the percentage of fully corroborated Level 1 reference data within the entire LEI population increased slightly to 81.9% from 81.6% in the previous quarter.

# Statistics on the reporting of parent information by legal entities

In the fourth quarter of 2020, approximately 1.58 million LEI registrants (previous quarter: 1.51 million), representing 92% of the total LEI population, had reported information on direct and ultimate parents. 99.9% of those LEI registrants who obtained a newly issued LEI, or renewed an existing LEI, in this quarter reported parent information.

In the reporting period, the percentage of legal entities reporting a direct parent that has an LEI was 6%. 4% of legal entities reported a direct parent that does not have an LEI. 83% of legal entities reported no direct parent according to the definition used. 7% of legal entities cited legal obstacles preventing them from providing or publishing direct parent information. The pattern is almost identical for ultimate parent reporting.

<sup>1</sup> This includes jurisdictions with at least 1,000 LEIs in total at the previous quarter-end date.

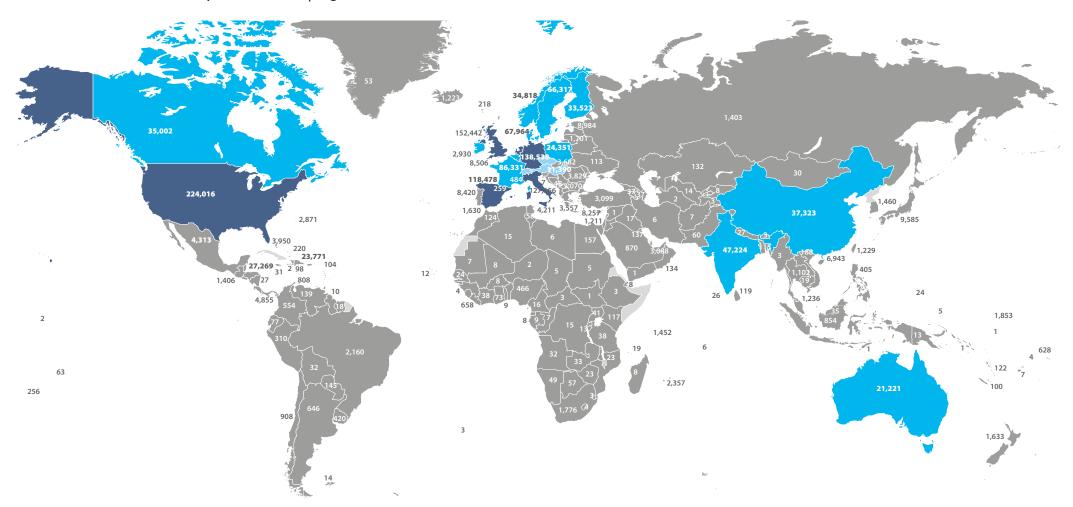
<sup>2</sup> Registration requirements vary based on jurisdiction. Please see the GLEIF Registration Authorities list for further detail: https://www.gleif.org/en/about-lei/code-lists/gleif-regist-ration-authorities-list



Level 1 data report Q4 2020

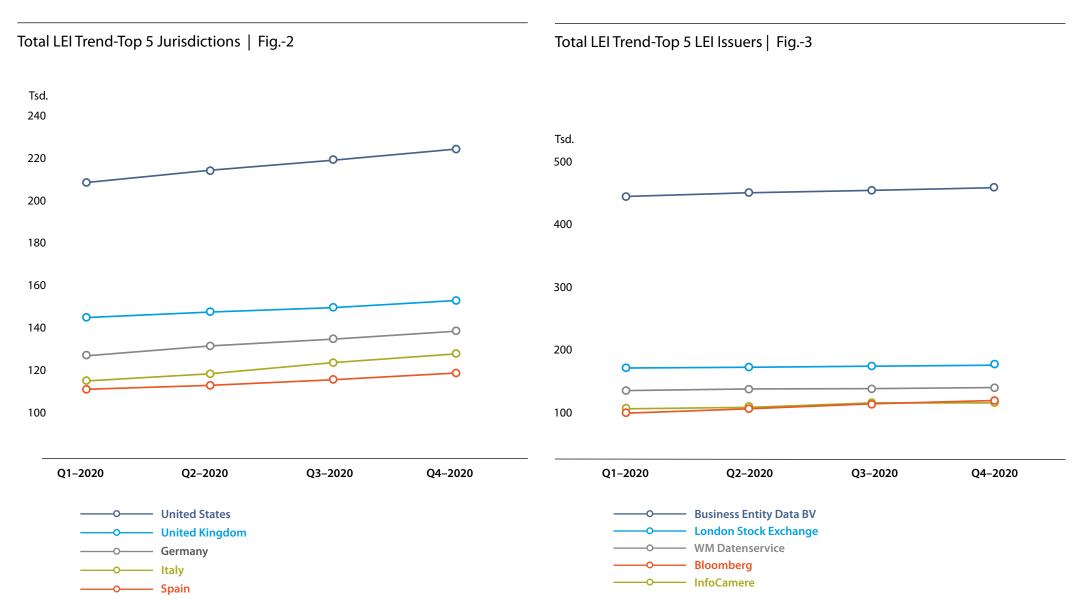
### **Active LEIs**

Total Number of Active LEIs by Jurisdictions | Fig.-1



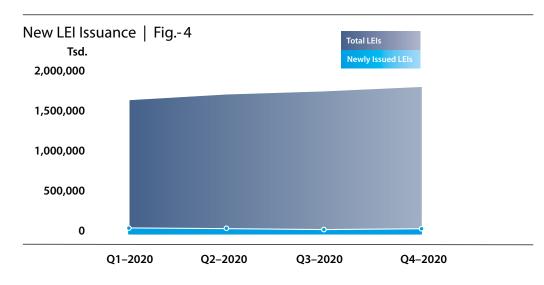


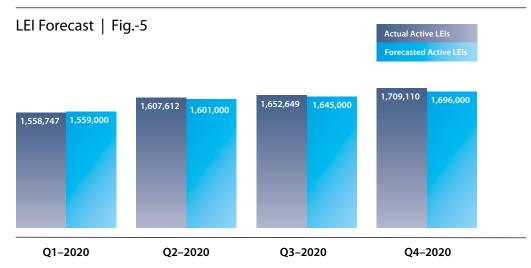
### **Active LEIs**



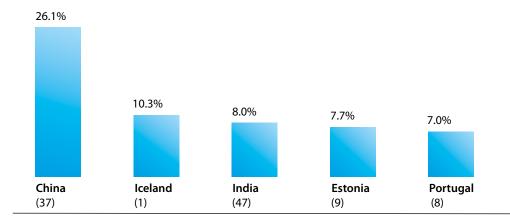


### **Growth in Total Number of Active LEIs**



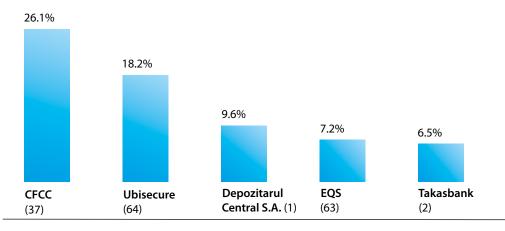


### Quarterly LEI Growth – Top 5 Jurisdictions | Fig.-6<sup>1</sup>



Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis

# Quarterly LEI Growth – Top 5 LEI Issuers | Fig.-7



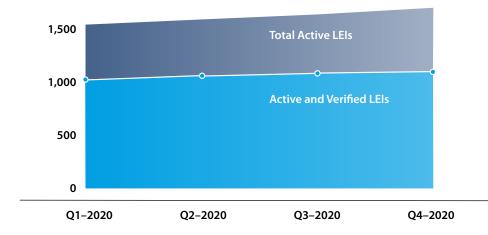
Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis



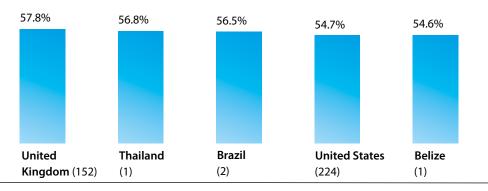
# **LEI Renewal Activity**

LEI Renewal | Fig.-8

Tsd. 2,000

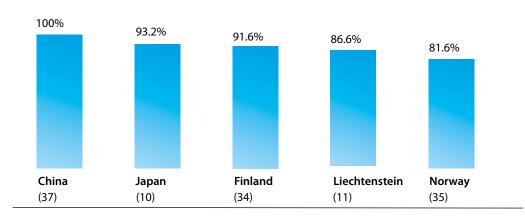


### LEI Non-Renewal (Lapsed LEIs) – Top 5 Jurisdictions | Fig.-10<sup>1</sup>



Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis

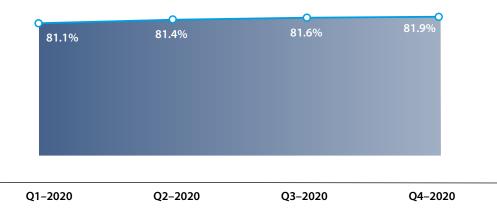
### LEI Renewal – Top 5 Jurisdictions | Fig.-9<sup>1</sup>



Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis.

### **Reference Data Corroboration by LEI issuers**

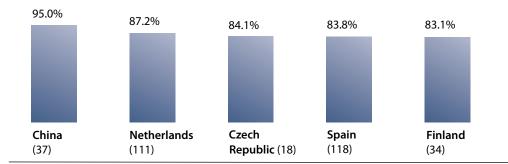
Percentage of Fully Corroborated LEIs | Fig.-11





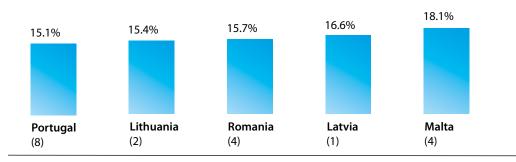
# **Competition amongst LEI issuers**

### Least Competitive (Most Concentrated) Markets | Fig.-12<sup>1</sup>



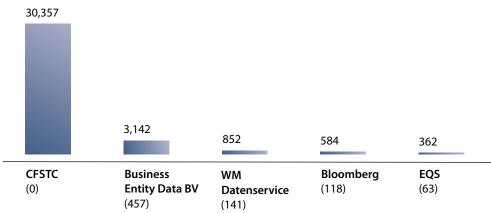
Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis.

### Most Competitive (Least Concentrated) Markets | Fig.-13<sup>1</sup>



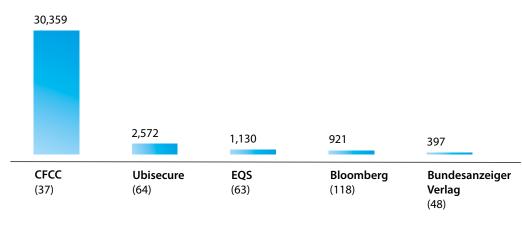
Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis.

# Transfers out of LEIs – Top 5 LEI Issuers | Fig.-14



Total issuance in thousands at most recent guarter-end date in parenthesis.

# Transfers in of LEIs – Top 5 LEI Issuers | Fig.-15



Total issuance in thousands at most recent quarter-end date in parenthesis.



### Level 2 data report Q4 2020

In May 2017, the process of enhancing the LEI data pool, by including 'Level 2' data to answer the question of 'who owns whom', began. The graphic below provides information on direct and ultimate parent data collected through December 2020<sup>1</sup>.







- 1 Referenced to level 2 relationship record CDF Golden Copy file dated 01 January 2021.
- 2 99.9% legal entities reported direct parent.
- 3 99.9% legal entities reported ultimate parent.
- 4 The definitions of ultimate and direct parent are based on percentage share of accounting consolidation as per LEI Regulatory Oversight Committee prescription. Related link https://www.gleif.org/en/about-lei/common-data-file-format/level-2-data-reporting-exceptions-format

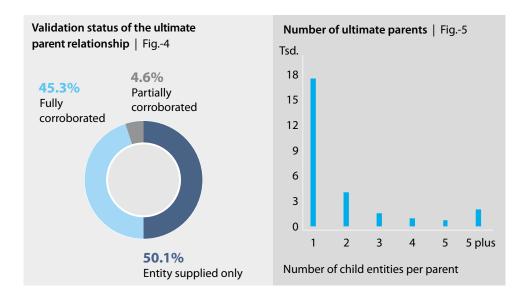
### Level 2 data report Q4 2020

Identification of the direct and ultimate parents of a legal entity with an LEI allows users to research entities owned by individual companies. It provides a better understanding of the entity from which a company or individual is buying goods or services or in which it is investing. The following charts provide additional information on relationships where the direct or ultimate parents are identified by an LEI.

### Additional Information on Direct Parents Having an LEI

### Validation status of the direct Number of direct parents | Fig.-3 parent relationship | Fig.-2 Tsd. 4.2% 25 **37.2**% Partially Fully corroborated 20 corroborated 15 10 5 58.6% Number of child entities per parent Entity supplied only

### Additional Information on Ultimate Parents Having an LEI



DISCLAIMER: All figures of this Global LEI System Business Report are derived from the Global Legal Entity Identifier Foundation (GLEIF)'s LEI-Common Data File (CDF) format version 2.1, Relationship Record (RR) CDF format version 1.1 and Reporting Exceptions format version 1.1 excluding LEIs with registration statuses DUPLICATE, ANNULLED, MERGED and RETIRED. While every care has been taken in the compilation of this information, GLEIF will not be held responsible for any loss, damage or inconvenience caused because of inaccuracy or error within the Global LEI System Business Report. The text and graphic content of the Global LEI System Business Report may be used, printed and distributed ONLY with the copyright Global Legal Entity Identifier Foundation (GLEIF)).